

AP Human Geography

Unit 7: Industrial and Economic Development Patterns and Processes

Important Vocabulary

- Absolute advantage
- Agglomeration
- Break-of-bulk points
- Commodity dependence
- Comparative advantage
- Core countries
- Cottage industry
- Deagglomeration
- Dependency theory
- Ecotourism
- Entrepot
- Export processing zones
- Free trade
- Free-trade zones
- Gender inequality index
- Gender parity
- Gross domestic product
- Gross national income
- Gross national product
- Growth poles
- Human development index
- International division of labor
- Just-in-time delivery
- Labor-market participation
- Microloans
- Multiplier effect
- Neoliberal policies
- Offshoring
- Outsourcing
- Periphery countries
- Post-Fordist methods
- Semi periphery countries
- Special economic zones
- Tariffs

Topic Review Videos

[Topic 7.1 The Industrial Revolution](#)

- Cottage industries, social/ economic/ agricultural/ political changes from the Industrial Revolution

[Topic 7.2 Economic Sectors and Patterns](#)

- Primary sector, secondary sector, tertiary sector, quaternary sector, quinary sector, Weber's Least Cost theory, & break of bulk points

[Topic 7.3 Measures of Development](#)

- Formal economy, informal economy, GDP, gross domestic product, GNP, gross national product, GNI, gross national income, GII, gender inequality index, HDI, human development index

[Topic 7.4 Women and Economic Development](#)

- Informal economy, women and economic development, microloans, & microfinancing

[Topic 7.5 Theories of Development](#)

- Rostow's stages of economic growth, dependency theory, commodity dependence, & Wallerstein's world system theory

[Topic 7.6 Trade and the World Economy](#)

- Complementarity, comparative advantage, trade deficit, tariffs, free market, command economy, neoliberalism, global trade and scale, & supranational organizations

[Topic 7.7 Changes as a Result of the World Economy](#)

- Growth poles, agglomeration, Just-in-time delivery, exporting processing zones, post-Fordist methods of production, economies of scale, multiplier effect, international division of labor, free-trade zones, & special economic zones

[Topic 7.8 Sustainable Development](#)

- United Nations sustainable development goals, ecotourism, & sustainability

Tips, Tricks, & Focal Points

- This unit is all about relationships! Understand how the core, semi periphery, and periphery countries impact each other
 - What is happening to manufacturing jobs? Who is using the resources? How do countries depend on each other?
- Be able to identify how technology has changed not just trade on the global scale, but the different economic opportunities offered on the local and national scale
- Make sure you understand the different economic measures and how they reflect life in a society
- When reviewing Rostow's model, Weber's least cost theory, and Wallerstien's world system theory think back to prior models (like the demographic transition model) notice how they all compliment each other
 - How are the models similar? How are they different? How do they illustrate growth?